# Gaywood Parkway Housing Development

### **Air Quality Summary**

Borough Council of King's Lynn & West Norfolk



# Background



#### **Development Overview - 21/01873/FM:**

- New development of 226 homes
- Site is accessed off Parkway but connects to cycling and walking routes (prioritised LCWIP routes).
  - This reduces the number of vehicle trips per dwelling (and vehicle emissions).
  - Trip rate predicted to be one of the lowest in the district due to this level of connectivity, making it an example of good practice.
- Vehicle access via the Gaywood Clock Air Quality Management Area (AQMA).



#### Gaywood Clock Air Quality Management Area (AQMA)

- Gaywood Clock junction is designated as an AQMA due to nitrogen dioxide (NO<sub>2</sub>) mostly from traffic, exceeding the annual mean objective (40µg/m<sup>3</sup>).
- $\mu g/m^3 = micrograms$  per cubic metre of air
- Where an exceedance is identified the local authority must declare an AQMA and prepare an Air Quality Action Plan (AQAP) that secures and maintains the air quality standards.
- No exceedance for over 5-years.



## Gaywood Clock AQMA – the designation and AQ monitoring locations:



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#### Trends in Nitrogen Dioxide (NO<sub>2</sub>) from AQ monitoring sites around the Gaywood Clock AQMA – no exceedances in NO<sub>2</sub> for over 5-years;



## Parkway Air Quality Assessments



#### **Air Quality Assessments**

- Traffic pollutants and dust from construction considered.
- Impacts on sensitive receptors assessed including homes along Queen Mary Rd, Gaywood Clock AQMA and nearby schools.
- Additional traffic predicted as 714 cars per day.
- Traffic pollutants (Nitrogen Dioxide NO<sub>2</sub>)
- Construction dusts (Particles PM<sub>10</sub>)
- Dust impacts considered conservatively due to the proximity of the Academy School.
- The impact of air pollution from traffic predicted as negligible with an increase of 0.33µg/m<sup>3</sup> NO<sub>2</sub> and 0.09µg/m<sup>3</sup> PM<sub>10</sub> along Queen Mary Road.



#### **Air Quality Monitoring Schemes**

- **Construction** Dust impacts from construction activity were potentially higher due to the proximity of the school.
  - As a result, real-time monitoring of construction dust to be implemented.
- Traffic Like the approach taken on Lynnsport Way for the Lynnsport development, additional NO<sub>2</sub> monitoring of traffic pre and post development.
  - Monitoring scheme implemented already with new diffusion tubes located.



# Mitigation of emissions



#### **Mitigation of emissions**

- Properties to benefit from air source heat pumps i.e. with zero NO<sub>2</sub> emissions;
- Some dwellings to benefit from PV panels;
- Electric vehicle charging points;
- Cycle parking;
- High level of connectivity to prioritised LCWIP routes;
- Residential Travel Plan with surveys to demonstrate modal shift;



## Conclusions



#### Conclusions

- Impact of traffic pollution from Parkway development on the Gaywood Clock AQMA was predicted as negligible impact.
- Development still designed to mitigate emissions in accordance with best practice according to the Air Quality Action Plan (AQAP).
- AQAP is to secure and maintain the air quality standards going forward.



#### **Going forward**

- Consultation on AQAP with updated Measures
- Open until 1<sup>st</sup> March 2024
- <u>https://www.west-norfolk.gov.uk/aqap-consultation</u>
  - Measure 5.2 to improve public awareness of air pollution by improved AQ monitoring and information systems;
    - Air quality monitoring to continue around the Gaywood junction with new monitoring schemes being implemented.
  - Measure 3.4 as NO2 results compliant for more than 5-years in Gaywood Clock AQMA;
    - To review the results as part of this revised AQAP.
    - To report on this later this year (2024).

